# LITTLE CHAMPS

An investment strategy for Indian small-caps from Marcellus Investment Managers

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Disclaimer: The mentioned stock forms the part of Marcellus portfolio thus Marcellus clients, Marcellus employees and their immediate relatives may have interest in. The described stocks are for illustration & education purpose only and not recommendatory



Marcellus Investment Managers Pvt. Ltd.

# Marcellus Investment Managers



- Who we are and what we do?
- Investment Team
- Investing in India's Transformation
- Five Mega Themes making their way into our portfolio
- Investment Philosophy and proprietary research process
- Bottom-up research process and case studies
- Key Metrics of the LCP Portfolio
- Fund Performance
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- Disclaimer

# Introduction – who we are and what we do?



Team: Long-term working relationship

- Employee-owned boutique and Indian & Global public equities; founded in Dec-2018
- The core team worked together for ~15 years, during which they built two successful and independent research firms in the UK and in India . Research team handpicked and trained internally

Strategy: Long only Indian equities

 India is the world's fifth largest and fastest-growing major economy which allows ample growth runway for well run companies (clean governance, good capital allocation and capable managements)

Philosophy: Quality over quantity

- Invest in a concentrated portfolio of clean and high-quality compounders with low churn
- Ignore short term noise and focus on consistent free cash flow compounding of investee companies

Process: In-depth bottom-up research

- Team of 24 investment professionals trained in forensic accounting and focussed on bottom up research
- Proprietary research framework that uses extensive primary research to ascertain moats, capital allocation, growth longevity and succession planning

## The Investment Team has worked together for over twelve years now





### Saurabh Mukherjea, CFA, FRSA

- Educated at the London School of Economics.
- Co-founder of Clear Capital
- Former CEO of Ambit Capital.
- Founding director of Association of Portfolio Managers in India



### Ashvin Shetty, CFA

- Small & midcap portfolio manager in Marcellus for the past four years
- Led Auto sector in Ambit from 2010-17
- Worked for KPMG's and Deloitte's statutory audit departments from 2004-07. He is a qualified Chartered Accountant (ICAI India).



### Pramod Gubbi, CFA

- B.Tech from NITK and PGDM from IIM Ahmedabad
- Former Head of Institutional Equities at Ambit Capital
- Led Ambit's institutional sales in the far East as head of Ambit Singapore
- Former technology analyst at Clear Capital



### Rakshit Ranjan, CFA

- B.Tech from IIT (Delhi).
- Lloyds Bank and Execution Noble.
- Led Ambit Capital's consumer research franchise.
- Launched Ambit's Coffee Can PMS in Mar'17.

# Investing in India's transformation



The Indian economy has been 'networked' at a rapid pace over the past decade:

- The length of India's national highways has doubled.
- The number of broadband users has increased from 20 million in FY11 to 658 million in FY22 (CAGR of 37%).
- Domestic airline passenger traffic has grown 5x (16% CAGR).
- 15 years ago, only 1 in 3 Indian families had a bank account; now nearly all Indian families have a bank account.

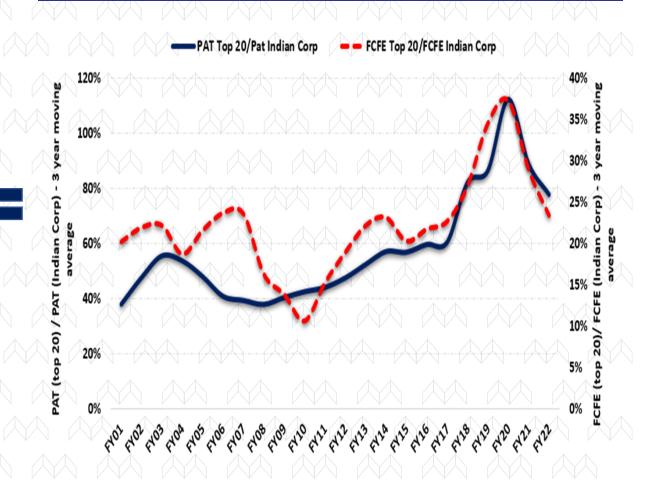


The inception of a single Goods & Services Tax in 2017 has allowed companies to consolidate their supply chains (from multiple state-level structures to unified national supply chains).



The rise of low cost SaaS (e.g. Salesforce, SAP) alongside RFID tracking and big data gleaned from 400mn internet connected mobile phones is allowing companies to improve working capital cycles, asset turns, profit margins and hence RoCE

### PAT and Free cash flow of top 20 companies



Source: Marcellus Investment Managers, CMIE, Ace Equity, Bloomberg, Ministry of Aviation, TRAI, Ministry of Road Transport.
Private and confidential

## Five Mega Themes making their way into our portfolio



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Urban Indian Women Have More Money in the Bank Than Men



For the first time, people from non-IIT, non-IIM, non-foreign degrees run the majority of Nifty50 companies



South

Seven Southern states have per capita incomes 50% higher than the rest of the country



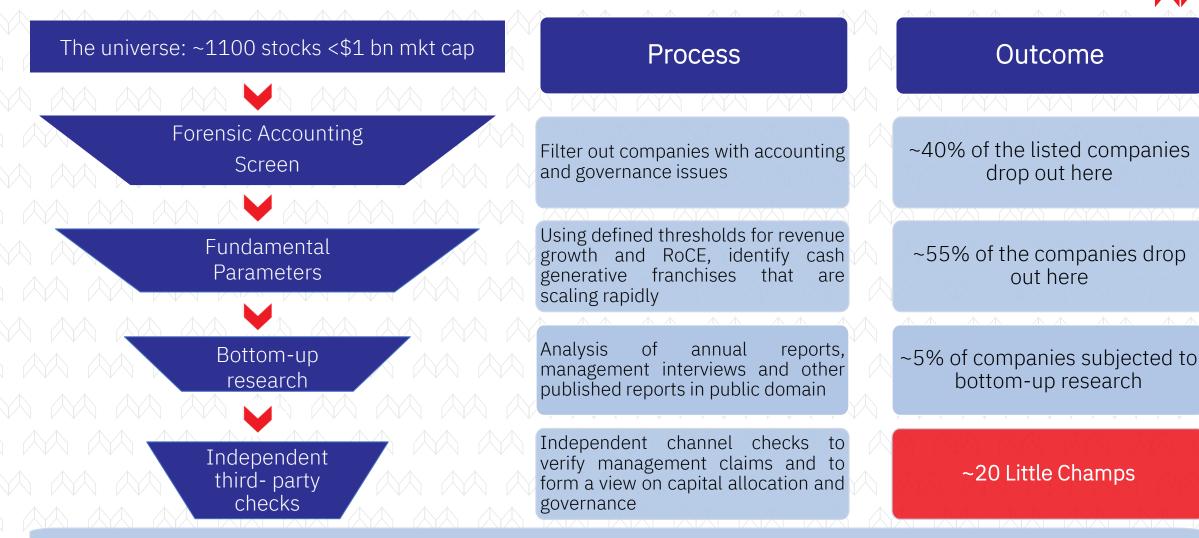
China's Unravelling and Creation of a US\$ 300 Billion per annum opportunity for India



Emergence of ~200K octopi families whose wealth has surged more than 16x in the last 20 years

## Marcellus' portfolio construction process





Active engagement in corporate governance, capital allocation, efficiency improvement and succession planning

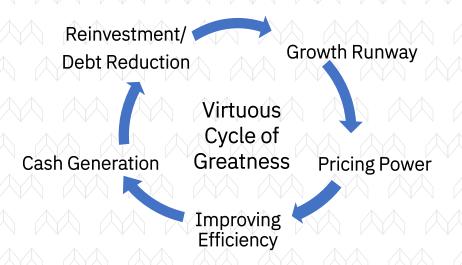
Note: The fund manager maintains discretion on stock inclusion in the universe. In case, a stock does not clear the above filters, the fund manager must record and present to the Investment committee for approval with the reasons for such inclusion

# LITTLE CHAMPS: A Portfolio of Niche companies with strong moats & sustainable growth



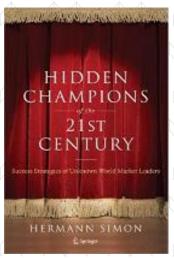
### Little Champs

- Identity small-cap companies (market cap <US\$500 million)
  with good corporate governance and capital allocation track
  record and strong sustainable competitive advantages built
  around brands, business processes and strategic assets.</li>
- Characteristics of a typical portfolio company:
  - Sector leading franchise with stellar track record of capital allocation;
  - · Clean accounts and corporate governance; and
  - · High growth potential.



### Look for Hermann Simon's celebrated 'Hidden Champions'

- SMEs, often family owned, producing inconspicuous products but ranked top globally for that product.
- Normally work in niche markets for which they design unique products often using proprietary process.
- Operate extremely close to their customers who depend on their products and cannot easily change their source.
- Competitive advantages of such firms are rarely because of cost leadership but more because of quality, total cost of ownership, high performance, and closeness to the customer.



Source: Hidden Champions of the 21<sup>st</sup> Century, Hermann Simon; Disclaimer: Copyrights of above book is exclusively reserved with Author/Publisher of the above book.

# 'Little Champs' – A small caps portfolio with focus on discovering potential BSE500 entrants



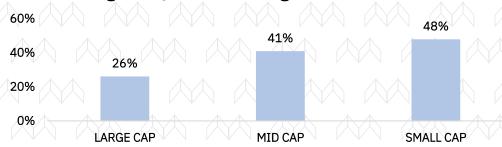
## Huge relative and absolute performance before Small Caps (mkt cap < Rs30bn) enter the BSE500 (FY03-23 data)



Source: Ace Equity. Relative returns (to BSE 500) are medians CAGR of stocks that have been included in the BSE 500. For prior returns, returns are measured until 1 quarter preceding the quarter of entry. The above returns calculation is for the entries from June 2003 to Dec 2023.

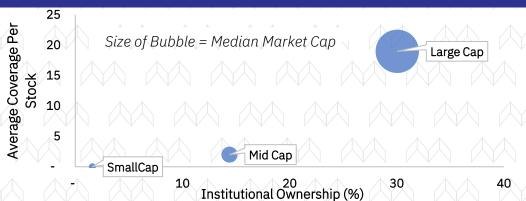
## Quality Small Caps deliver stronger earnings compounding than their larger counterparts....

### Highest Quartile Earnings CAGR (FY18-23)



Source: Ace Equity Note: (1) We classify companies with market cap of >Rs150bn as Large Cap, between Rs30bn to 150bn as Mid Cap, and below Rs30bn as Small Cap (2) Returns calculated for four baskets (Large, Mid, and Small cap) with equal allocation to each stock within those baskets.

### Small Caps are under-researched and under-owned.



Source: Ace Equity Note: (1) We classify companies with market cap of >Rs250bn as Large Cap, between Rs75bn to 250bn as Mid Cap and below Rs30bn as Small Cap (2) Market cap and Analyst coverage as of Dec 2023-end; Institutional ownership as of September 2023-end

## Quality Small Caps massively outperform vs comparable larger companies

### Highest Quartile Return (July 2018-23)



Source: Ace Equity Note: (1) We classify companies with market cap of >Rs150bn as Large Cap, between Rs30bn to 150bn as Mid Cap, and below Rs30bn as Small Cap (2) Returns calculated for four baskets (Large, Mid, and Small cap) with equal allocation to each stock within those baskets. Stocks rebalanced annually at July-end based on market cap criteria; (3) No dividends, transactions costs and other charges considered in the above returns calculations.

## Step1: Proprietary forensic accounting algo to avoid naughty companies



### Methodology

12 accounting ratios covering income statement (revenue/ earnings manipulation), balance sheet (correct representation of assets/liabilities), cash pilferage and audit quality checks.

Six years of historical consolidated financials.

First rank stocks on each of the 12 ratios individually (some examples outlined in the table on the right). These ranks then cumulated across parameters to give a final pecking order on accounting quality for stocks.

Selection of these ratios has been inspired by Howard M. Schilit's legendary forensic accounting book 'Financial Shenanigans'.

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Source: Marcellus Investment Managers, Ace Equity

### The forensic analysis toolkit

Category	Ratios
Income statement checks	(1) Cashflow from operations (CFO) as % of EBITDA
	(2) Provisioning for Debtors
Balance sheet checks	<ul><li>(3) Yield on cash and cash equivalents</li><li>(4) Contingent liabilities as % of Networth (for the latest available year)</li></ul>
Cash theft checks	(5) CWIP to gross block
Auditor checks	(6) Growth in auditors' remuneration to growth in revenues

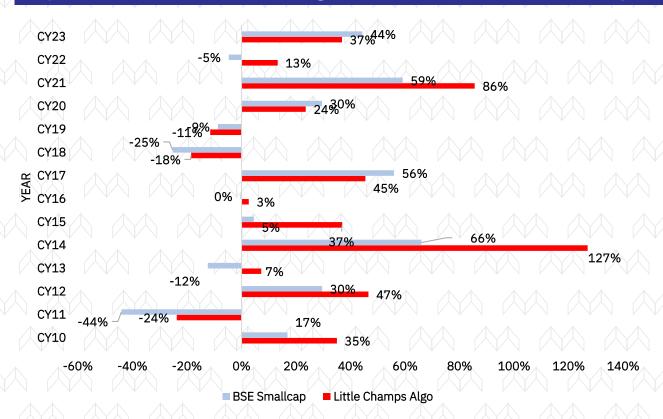
### Accounting quality directly impacts investment returns



## Step2: Proven Little Champs algo to identify superior capital allocators



### Capital allocation criteria around growth, unit economics & efficiency.....back test results show strong outperformance



#### Notes.

- Little Champs Algo shortlist for every year is prepared basis the fundamental parameters mentioned in the adjoining exhibit for the last reported Financial Year (FY). The stocks are rebalanced annually on a Calendar Year (CY) basis and one year portfolio return computed for the next CY. For instance, basis FY09 fundamentals, the shortlisted stocks will be invested at CY09-end and returns calculated for this shortlist for CY10 in the chart above. These backtests do NOT include Financial Services stocks.
- Equal allocation to each stock. Returns include dividends reinvested and are net of assumed transaction costs (3% for Portfolio & BSE Smallcap, 1% for the BSE500, and 0.5% for the NIFTY). All performance is measured upto Dec 29, 2023; assumed risk free rate of 7% for Sharpe ratio

Performance (CY09-23)	Net Returns (CAGR)	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio	Maximum Drawdown
Algo backtest	24%	24%	0.7	-49%
Performance of benchmarks				
BSE 500	12%	17%	0.3	-29%
BSE Smallcap	10%	23%	0.2	-50%
Nifty	11%	17%	0.3	-29%

Capital allocation parameters: Above median scores on the following criteria:

- Revenue growth
- Improvement in working capital days
- Improvement in asset turns
- Improvement in unit economics

Alongside RoCE and debt thresholds.

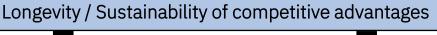
Result: (1) Outperformance over BSE Smallcap in 11 out of 14 years backtested above; and (2) Cumulative outperformance of ~15% points (see table above) over CY09-23 vs BSE Smallcap

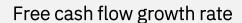
# Step3: Longevity analysis helps quantify the length of the 'comp advantage' period



Marcellus Research on a stock under coverage

Current competitive advantages - here and now





## Revenue growth, ROCE and capital reinvestment rate

Quantify industry demand growth, its drivers and its resilience.

Quantify revenue growth related to expected market share gains.

Profitability and asset turns - expected to improve meaningfully?

Moat score

## Strength of today's pricing power

Can a competitor offer a product which is a third cheaper and still have no impact on either the profitability or market share of our investee firm?

Lethargy score

Analysis based on efforts made in the last 3 years

#### Three aspects of lethargy tests:

- 1) Incremental deepening of existing moats
- 2) Experimentation / investments towards adding new moated revenue growth drivers
- 3) Attempts at radical disruption of the industry's future

Succession planning score

Softer aspects to help build an 'institution'

#### Four aspects of succession test:

- 1) Decentralised execution
- 2) CXOs their quality and tenure at the firm
- 3) Historical evidence of implementing succession in CXO roles
- 4) Independence of Board of Directors

Growth in cash flows

Longevity of cash flows

Outcome: 1) Buy and Sell decisions; 2) Position sizing of stocks relative to others in our portfolio; and 3) Absolute valuation of stocks

Private and confidential

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## Small Cap case study - GMM Pfaudler AA AA AA AA AA AA AA



### Primary research: to establish value proposition

- 1) Interviewed a wide range of customers to understand on what basis they choose a supplier of glass-lined equipment and what value GMM brings to the table
- 2) Visited their factories to understand the manufacturing process and gauge if it affords any competitive advantage
- 3) Met competitors to get an idea of how they are positioning themselves and how they view GMM
- 4) Researched to understand company's culture
- 5) Met end-use industry experts to understand demand trends in their sectors and the opportunities for GMM

### Secondary research: published financials

- Last 15 years of annual reports of the company as well as competitors (where available)
- Study of competitor's financials, including unlisted ones

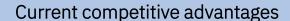
### Unique Insight – why GMM will sustainably dominate the industry profit pool

- 1) GMM has an approx. 50% market share of the glass-lined equipment industry in India
- 2) The dominance comes from access to best-in-class technology from Pfaudler, longstanding relationships with customers, smart capital allocation skills and massive scale benefits – the nearest competitor is 2/3<sup>rd</sup> its size
- The dominance is more pronounced in industry EBITDA share, of which GMM has 75-85%. For context, the only other global GLE maker with a presence in India (De Dietrich; DDPS) was loss-making
- 4) GMM has built a virtuous cycle of generating far higher cash flows than peers and redeploying them to further increase dominance capacity has grown by ~3x in 5 years
- The above has also led to buying out of DDPS's India unit, acquiring a defunct heavy engineering company's plant and recently, the acquisition of Pfaudler International

## Longevity analysis: GMM – a dominant B2B franchise



#### Research process on GMM Pfaudler





Free cash flow growth rate

20% operating profit CAGR, 24-25% ROCE

India chemicals capex cycle in a multi-year uptrend
China +1 an added catalyst
Greater integration of global
business to drive synergies
Incremental capex limited after 3years of organic and inorganic
expansions

### Moat score (8/10)

Strength of today's pricing power

Technology edge through ownership of Pfaudler – a pioneer of glass-lining technology Scale advantage – GMM is 50% larger than its nearest competitor Well-entrenched with customers – installed base covers 90% of India's mid to large pharma and chemical makers

### Longevity / Sustainability of competitive advantages



### Lethargy score (8/10)

Incremental deepening of moats / new rev growth drivers / radical disruption

- 1) Made 4 acquisitions in 3 years from India's largest GLE maker, it is now a global corrosion-resistant equipment supplier
- 2) Expansions have not impacted the balance sheet – Debt: Equity is at a comfortable 0.6x
- 3) Bringing Pfaudler's global products to India and increasing sourcing from India for the global business

Succession planning score (8/10)

Softer aspects to help build an 'institution'

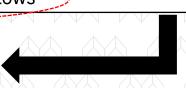
- 1) Largely decentralised execution: systems / processes, professional empowerment
- 2) Creating a senior management layer – India business responsibilities transitioned to recently hired CEO; global business headed by a CEO since 2015
- **3)** Building a high-quality board with a mix of experienced professionals



20% CAGR in FCF

More than 20 years of longevity of free cash flows

Outcome: 1) Higher weight of GMM relative to other stocks in our portfolio; and 2) Length of our holding period unaffected by "noise" around raw material prices, Covid, etc.



## GMM: Growth, RoCE and share price progression

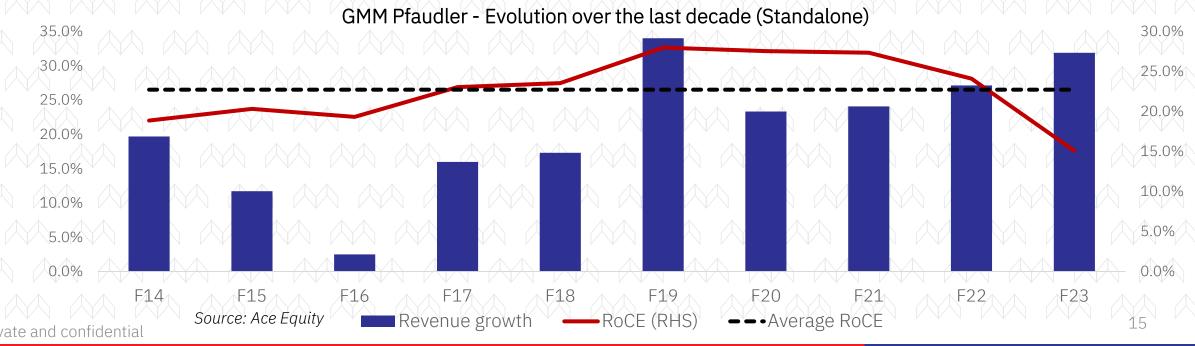




Metrics	FY17-22 (CAGR)	FY23
EBITDA growth	47%	52%
PAT growth	24%	94%
FCF growth	9%	NA
ROCE (average)	22%	26%
Total shareholder return (CAGR)	54%	-4%

Source: GMM September 2020 investor presentation

Source: Ace Equity



## Key metrics of the Little Champs Portfolio

### Little Champs – carefully constructed portfolio to ensure it meets our quality and growth criteria



Companies	Market Cap (US\$mn)	Revenue (FY18-23)	Revenue growth (FY23)	Avg RoCE (FY19-23)	RoCE (FY23)	Net debt/ equity (FY23)	Reinv. rate (FY18-23) Cumulative	Reinv. rate (FY23)
Aavas Financiers	1,249	27%	23%	13%	14%	↑ NA NA NA	↑ NA ↑ ↑	NA
Alkyl Amines	1,112	22%	9%	37%	28%	0.1	74%	122%
AMI Organics	484	27%	19%	27%	20%	-0.09	227%	147%
Control Print	178	12%	19%	19%	23%	-0.05	61%	76%
Everest	197	5%	21%	13%	13%	0.08	69%	-18%
Fine Organic Industries	1,484	29%	61%	42%	67%	-0.35	33%	17%
Garware Technical Fibres	813	8%	10%	21%	19%	-0.5	17%	14%
GMM Pfaudler	666	51%	25%	24%	26%	0.52	90%	155%
MAS Financial Services	559	11%	41%	15%	14%	NA	NA	NA
Mold-Tek Packaging	312	17%	16%	21%	19%	0.07	110%	93%
PDS V	750	17%	20%	19%	27%	-0.12	31%	28%
Rainbow Children's Medicare	1,580	24%	21%	31%	40%	-0.36	58%	53%
RHI Magnesita India	1,369	34%	37%	29%	11%	0.03	216%	485%
Shanthi Gears	510	16%	32%	19%	32%	-0.29	0%	31%
Suprajit Engineering	684	14%	50%	17%	16%	0.1	64%	171%
Tarsons Products	251	14%	-5%	31%	19%	0.1	129%	251%
Tega	990	17%	28%	19%	22%	0.04	181%	406%
Ultramarine & Pigments	116	15%	13%	16%	11%		99%	102%
Vijaya Diagnostic Centre	781	13%	-1%	35%	26%	-0.47	69%	94%
Prudent Corporate Advisory Services	623	35%	29%	53%	36%	NA A	A ANA A	NA
City Union Bank	1,201	9%	11%	12%	14%	∧ ∧ NA ∧ ∧	∧ ∧ NA ∧ ∧	NA
Carysil	316	25%	23%	20%	18%	0.69	73%	88%
Godrej Agrovet	1,123	13%	13%	14%	10%	0.5	-467%	52%
Eureka Forbes	1,060	NA	446%	NA A	2%	0.0	NA NA	15%
Cera Sanitaryware	1,058	9%	25%	24%	29%	-0.6	23%	24%
Average	779	19%	39%	24%	22%	-0.05	58%	115%

Source: Ace Equity Note: (1) Market cap as on 31st March 2024. Converted to US\$ using exchange rate of 82.93, (2) RoCE pre-tax considered above all companies except for financial companies viz. Aavas Financiers, Home First and MAS Financial for which RoE (instead of RoCE) is considered, (3) NA - Not applicable. Net debt Equity and Reinvestment rates are not relevant for Financial cos, (4) Reinvestment rate calculated as % of cash flows from CFO and other sources (such as equity, debt, treasury income net of interest expenses) reinvested in capex and strategic investments (including share buybacks).

<sup>\*</sup> Little Champs numbers are on median basis; \*\* BSE Small cap P/E and P/B calculated on median basis only for companies with positive earnings; Price related figures updated as of March 28, 2024. For RoCE calculation, considered RoE instead of RoCE for Financial companies in the Little Champs portfolio & BSE SmallCap.

### LIVE PORTFOLIO PERFORMANCE AND COMPARISON WITH BENCHMARK







Source: Marcellus Investment Managers. Note: (i) Portfolio inception date is August 29, 2019. (ii) Returns as of March 31, 2024. (iii) All returns are net of fees (as described in point (iv)) and expenses. (iv) Fixed Fees are charged on a quarterly basis and have been charged till 31st March 2024.

Performances fees are charged on cumulative gains at the third anniversary of the respective client account, thus the effect of the same has been incorporated for client accounts whose third account anniversary falls upto the last date of this performance period. Performance data is not verified either by Securities and Exchange Board of India or U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. (v) Returns shown above are net of transaction costs and includes dividend income. (vi) Total returns index considered for BSE 500 above.

\*For relative performance of particular Investment Approach to other Portfolio Managers within the selected strategy, please refer the following link <a href="https://www.apmiindia.org/apmi/welcomeiaperformance.htm?action=PMSmenu">https://www.apmiindia.org/apmi/welcomeiaperformance.htm?action=PMSmenu</a>. Under PMS Provider Name please select Marcellus Investment Managers Private Limited & select your Investment Approach Name for viewing the stated disclosure.

### Little Champs' returns and drawdowns vs Nifty/BSE 500

Performance (Since Inception)	Return since inception (Annualized)			Maximum Drawdown		
Little Champs		13.98%			-36.70%	
Performance of Benchmark						
BSE 500		20.81%			-38.11%	

Source: Ace Equity Note: Maximum drawdown based on daily returns from Aug 29, 2019 to March 31, 2024

## Fee Structure



### Marcellus offers the Little Champs Strategy in a PMS construct

• Fixed fees: 1% per annum (charged quarterly) + Performance fees: 20% profit share above a 10% hurdle. Performance fees will be charged on cumulative gains at the third anniversary\*. Performance fees will be charged without catch-up i.e. the first 10% return per annum (net of fixed fees) will be not be subject to performance fees. High water mark applies for performance fees.

\*If redeemed prior to the completion of three years, performance fees will be charged as on redemption date.

Exit Load: 3%, 2% and 1% if redeemed in the first, second and third year respectively.

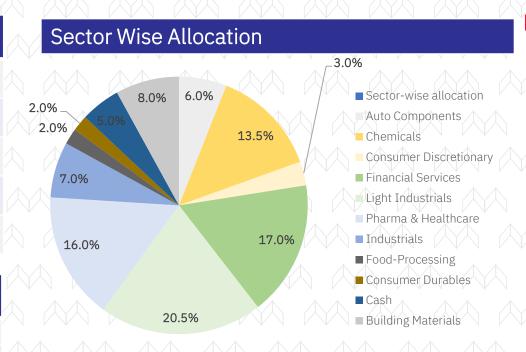
Minimum investment: INR 50 lacs

### LCP Factsheet

Fund Details	
Strategy Name	Little Champs
Fund Manager	Ashvin Shetty, CFA
AUM In INR Crs.	484
Category	Mid-cap
Benchmark	BSE500 Total Return Index

Fop 5 Holdings (accounts for ~29% of allocation)		
GMM Pfaudler Ltd.	Light Industrials	
Alkyl Amines Chemicals Ltd.	Chemicals	
Mold-Tek Packaging Ltd.	Light Industrials	
MAS Financial Services Ltd.	Financial Services	
Vijaya Diagnostic Centre Ltd	Pharma & Healthcare	

Market-Cap Wise Allocation	
Small-Cap	95%
Mid-Cap	0%
Cash	5%
Casn	5%



Portfolio Metrics	711/11	
Wtd Avg Market Cap (INR Cr.)	6,410	
Portfolio P/E (FY25)	25	
Dividend Yield	0.4%	
Churn Ratio (TTM)	57.1%	
Standard Deviation (12 month rolling)	32.7%	
Sharpe Ratio (12 month rolling)	0.43	

## Disclosures



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